

1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name Trade Depot Spray Undercoat

Product code S6019

HSR002515, Aerosol (Flammable) Group Standard 2020 **HSNO** approval

Approval description Aerosol (Flammable) Group Standard 2020

UN number Proper Shipping Name AEROSOLS

DG class 2.1 Packaging group NA Hazchem code NA

Spray Paint for Undercoat

Company Details

Company **Trade Depot LTD Address** 306 Neilson Street,

> Onehunga Auckland 1061

New Zealand +64 9 636 1111

Telephone Website www.tradedepot.com

Emergency Telephone Number: 0800 764 766 (NZ Poisons Centre)

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002515, Aerosol (Flammable) Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS 7 Classes Hazard Statements

Flammable aerosol category 1 H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Skin irritant category 2 H315 - Causes skin irritation. Eye irritant category 2 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Reproductive toxicity category 2 H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

STOT* repeated exposure category 2 H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

*STOT - System Target Organ Toxicity

SYMBOLS

DANGER



Other Classifications

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.



Precautionary Statements

Prevention P103 - Read label before use.

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260 - Do not breathe vapours/spray.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.

Response P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage P410 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

| Component | CAS/ Identification | Conc (%) |
|---|---------------------|----------|
| 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate and methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate | 25035-69-2 | 25 - 45% |
| Ethyl Acetate | 141-78-6 | 10-15% |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | 10-15% |
| LPG | 61641-74-5 | 25-35% |

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

4. First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid Ready access to running water is recommended. Accessible eyewash is

facilities recommended.

Exposure

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse **Swallowed**

mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical

advice/ attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

Inhaled Generally, inhalation of fumes/vapours/dusts is unlikely to result in adverse health

effects. If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the

side) for transport and contact a doctor.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically

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5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: This product is a flammable aerosol. Containers can build up pressure if exposed to

heat and/or fire and may explode. Vapours may form an explosive mixture with air. Vapours can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Will float and can be re-

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or

ignited on surface water. Will burn if involved in a fire.

Suitable extinguishing

substances:

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Products of combustion: Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke.

Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other

low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures. Protective equipment: Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

alcohol resistant foam.

Unknown.

and eye protection.

Hazchem code: NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment If greater than 3000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to

manage any potential spills must be in place. Prevent product from entering

environment.

In the event of a large spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief **Emergency procedures**

description of hazard. Shut off all possible sources of ignition.

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure.

Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain spill. Prevent by whatever means

possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses.

If spray or gas escapes, increase ventilation.

Collect product and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If Clean-up method

contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency

services.

Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or Disposal

salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for

approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation **Precautions**

of vapour. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

7. Storage & Handling

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children.

> Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed

in Section 10.

Handling Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and

eye contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m3 for respirable particulates and 10mg/m3 for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace **Exposure Stds** Ingredient Xylene

Ethyl Acetate LPG Butane Propane

WES-TWA

200ppm, 720mg/m³ 50ppm, 217mg/m³ 1000ppm 1800mg/m³, 800ppm, 1900mg/m³, simple asphyxiant

WES-STEL

not established not established not established not established not established



Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

General

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate.

Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.

Eyes



Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if splashes are possible. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

Skin



Protective gloves are recommended. Protective gloves or suitably resistant material must comply with AS 2161. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Protective clothing must comply with AS 2919, AS3765.1 or AS3765.2. PVC or rubber boots must comply with AS/NZS 2210.2 and selected and maintained in accordance with AS/NS2210.1.

Respiratory

A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Respirators must have filters appropriate to the duty and comply with AS/NZS1716 and selected, used and maintained in accordance with AS/NS 1715. Use a respirator with an organic vapour cartridge and a particulate filter. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order. Fit testing and clear guidelines and training for use and maintenance of PPE are necessary.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance coloured liquid
Odour solvent odour
Odour Threshold no data
pH no data
Freezing/melting point no data
Boiling Point >75°C
Flashpoint >-10°C

Flammability flammable aerosol

Upper & lower flammable limits LEL: 1.81-5.01%, UEL: 11.5-27%

Vapour pressure compressed gas

Vapour density 2.0-3.5 Specific gravity/density 0.9-1.0

Solubility miscible in water

Partition coefficient no data
Auto-ignition temperature >350°C
Decomposition temperature no data
Viscosity no data
Particle Characteristics no data



10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Flammable substance. Keep away from sources of ignition at all times. Containers

should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination.

Incompatible groups Strong oxidising agent none known

Substance Specific Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition

products

Hazardous reactions none known

Oxides of carbon

11. Toxicological Information

Summary

IF SWALLOWED: low acute oral toxicity.

IF IN EYES: may cause eye irritation.

IF ON SKIN: may cause skin irritation.

IF INHALED: Vapours may be harmful and irritating to the respiratory tract. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. CHRONIC TOXICITY: Prolonged exposure to xylene can cause nerve damage (CNS) and affect the liver and kidneys.

Supporting Data

Acute Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture Oral

is >2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Ethyl Acetate 4100mg/kg (mouse),

Xylene 1590 mg/kg (mouse).

Aspiration This mixture is not considered an aspiration hazard.

Dermal Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the

mixture is >2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Xylene >1700mg/kg, m-xylene:

3228 mg/kg/day (rabbits).

Inhaled Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the

mixture is >5mg/L/4h. Xylene 27.6 mg/L (rat, vapour).

The mixture is considered to be an eye irritant, because some of the ingredients Eye

present are considered eye irritants in more concentrated form.

Skin The mixture is considered to be a skin irritant, because some of the ingredients

present are considered skin irritants in more concentrated form.

Sensitisation Chronic No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.

Mutagenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen. Carcinogenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.

Reproductive / The mixture is considered to be a suspected reproductive or developmental toxicant. Developmental Xylenes have been shown to cause developmental toxicity in animals at doses which

are maternally toxic. They are not expected to impair fertility.

The mixture is considered to be a suspected target organ toxicant. **Systemic**

Ethyl Acetate: Animal studies show pathological changes of the cerebral cortex (swelling, hyperchromemia), liver (decreased glycogen and lipid level), thyroid gland (follicle degeneration, infiltration) and adrenal gland (hypertrophy of the cortex). Xylene: Affected organs: Hepatic (Liver), Neurological (Nervous System), Renal

(Urinary System or Kidneys).

Aggravation of existing conditions None known.

12. Ecological Data

Summary

This mixture is not considered ecotoxic, however in all cases prevent run-off to drains, sewers and waterways.

Supporting Data

Using EC50's for ingredients, the calculated EC50 for the mixture is > 100 mg/L. Data Aquatic

considered includes: Xylene 8.5mg/l (48hr, Palaemonetes pugio (Crustacea)), 3.3

mg/l (96hr, Oncorhynchus mykiss), 10mg/l (72hr, Skeletonema costatum).

Bioaccumulation No data for the mixture. Degradability No data for the mixture.

Soil No data for soil toxicity for the mixture.

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Terrestrial vertebrate See acute toxicity.

Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

Biocidal no data

13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal method Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

Contaminated packaging Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging. Do not incinerate.

14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). Considered a dangerous good for transport.

UN number: 1950 Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS

Class(es) 2.1 Packing group: NA
Precautions: Flammable aerosol Hazchem code: NA

15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002515, Aerosol (Flammable) Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

Inventory An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.

Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances

that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been

supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Emergency plan Required if > 3000L is stored.

Certified handler Not required. Tracking Not required.

Bunding & secondary containment Required if > 3000L is stored. Signage Required if > 3000L is stored. Location compliance certificate Required if > 3000L is stored.

Flammable zone Must be established if > 3000L is stored.

Fire extinguisher If > 3000L present.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.



16. Other Information

Abbreviations

Approval HSR002515, Aerosol (Flammable) Group Standard 2020 Controls, EPA. **Approval Code**

www.epa.govt.nz

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Ecotoxic Concentration 50% - concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test EC50

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

EPA Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

GHS Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised

edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

 LD_{50} Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

 LC_{50} Lethal Concentration 50% - concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or **STEL**

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided

the TWA is not exceeded

STOT RE System Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure STOT SE System Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

TWA Time Weighted Average - generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UEL Upper Explosive Limit **UN Number** United Nations Number

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information Data

database (CCID).

EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Controls

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: Suppliers SDS

Review

Reason for review November 2023 Not applicable - New SDS

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 1040951.

